### **Choking Hazards**





Gagging vs. choking

First Aid for a choking baby

**CPR-for a baby** 

feel.connect

### **Choking Hazard**

Food is one of the most common thing for babies and toddlers to choke on.



### **Differences**

### **Choking**

- Obstruction airways.
- Difficulty in emitting sounds, cry.
- Skin color changes.

### **Keep in mind**

Call the emergency service choking first aid perform.

### **Gagging**

- Protective reflex (eating learning process).
- Vomiting may occur.
- Coughing is normal (Baby turns red, watery eyes).
- Let the baby handle the situation on its own.
- Don't introduce your fingers in her/his mouth.

**Print** and **hang** the **emergency number** in a visible place e.g. on the fridge door.



### **Choking Hazard Foods**

- Round
- Slipperiness
- Hard
- Dry
- Sticky













### **Modify Foods**

Hard/Raw veggies and fruits: Cook until soft, grate, mash, or cut it into thin slices.

Candys/Pop Corn/
Dried Fruit: Avoid

**Round food:** Quarter lengthwise, Flatten between your fingers.

**Nuts and seeds:** finely grind and mix with other foods/butter.

Also **small objects**, such as marbles, beads and button batteries can cause choking. **Avoid** this making sure these are kept out of your child's reach.



# First Aid for a choking baby

### **Complete Choking**

**Shout for help** to try to get the attention of someone to assist you.

high-pitched noises,
wheezing, can't longer
make a sound, or
becomes too weak to
cough? have someone
to CALL emergency
services immediately!

**Emergency number** 



# First Aid for a choking baby



### What to do?



- **1.** Sit or kneel holding the baby.
- 2. Position the baby face down along your forearm, holding her/his jaw in your hand.
- 3. Rest your forearm on your leg so that the baby's head is lower than her/his body.
- **4.** Deliver **5 firm back blows** between the shoulder blades with the heel of your free hand.

## First Aid for a choking baby



5. Hasn't the object been dislodged? Turn the baby face-up, ensuring you support the head.



- 6. Place 2 fingers on the middle of the chest just below the nipple line and deliver 5 firm chest compressions.
- 7. Repeat the 5 firm back blows and 5 chest compressions until the object is coughed up, the baby starts to cry, breathe, or cough.

#### **Keep in mind:**

If the baby becomes
unresponsive and isn't
breathing, call the emergency
support and beginn CPR
Cardiopulmonary resuscitation.

## First Aid for babies-CPR



1



- Check the baby's airway, breathing, circulation.
- Is the baby unresponsive and not breathing?
- Call the emergency support
   and beginn CPR
   (Cardiopulmonary resuscitation).

2



- Place 2 fingers in the centre of the baby's chest.
- Do **30 chest compressions**: Push deeply and steadily.

## **First Aid** for babies-CPR



3



- Open the airway by tilting the head back and lifting the chin.
- Place a barrier device
- (if available) over the baby's mouth and nose.
- Give 2 breaths.

4



- Repeat cycles of 30 chest compressions and 2 breaths.
- Continue until the emergency services arrives or more advanced care takes over.



The information in this poster doesn't replace formal First Aid and CPR Trainig.